Clinical outcomes for patients enrolled in the MPS VII disease monitoring program (DMP)

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BACKGROUND

- Mucopolysaccharidosis VII (MPS VII) is an ultra-rare, autosomal recessive, progressively debilitating and life-threatening lysosomal storage disorder caused by beta-glucuronidase (GUS)
- GUS enzyme activity is required for degradation of glycosaminoglycans (GAGs)
- · Reduction in enzyme activity results in accumulation of dermatan sulfate (DS), chondroitin-6sulfate (CS), and heparan sulfate (HS)
- Enzyme replacement therapy with vestronidase alfa (VA), a recombinant human GUS, is approved for MPS VII treatment
- An ongoing, multicenter, observational study is collecting standardized data from patients with MPS VII treated with vestronidase alfa (VA) or any other management approach

OBJECTIVES

Characterize MPS VII disease presentation and progression over time in patients treated and not treated with VA using performance assessments and patient/caregiver reported outcomes

METHODS

- · Some patients received vestronidase alfa through clinical trials or commercial sources before enrolling in the DMP
- . Data include a mix of patients treated with VA and untreated patients
- The following assessments were completed during designated visits to the DMP site
- Six-Minute Walk test (6MWT) was completed by ambulatory patients ≥5 years old able to follow test instructions
- MPS Health Assessment Questionnaire (MPS HAQ) was completed by caregivers of patients ≥5 years old
- Pediatric Quality of LifeTM Multi-dimensional Fatigue Scale (PedsQL) was completed by caregivers of patients ≥2 years old
- . Data cut off date: 15 Nov 2024

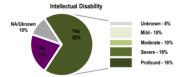
RESULTS

Patient Demographics and Disease Characteristics

 38 natients have enrolled in the DMP: 7 have withdrawn, 1 due to death, 1 due to loss to followup, and 5 due to withdrawal of consent

Patient Demographics and Disease Characteristics at DMP Baseline Sex, n (%) Female 18 (47) Male 20 (53) Age at MPS VII diagnosis, mean (SD) 4.3 (3.9) N=32 Age at initiation of VA, mean (SD) 8.3 (6.6) Age at DMP entry, mean (SD) 13.4 (10.8) First Treatment with VA, n (%) Prior to DMP enrollment 26 (68) After DMP enrollment 6 (16) Untreated 6 (16) 17 (45%)

*NIHF was identified based on clinical guidance and prenatal medical history including the following terms: hydrops fetalls, edema, dysmorphic phenotype, possible hydrops, anasarca and jaundice, and/or globus abdomen



Dermatan Sulfate Urinary GAG Excretion

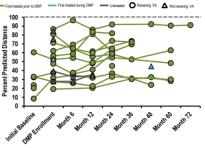
- · Among patients treated prior to DMP enrollment, dermatan sulfate was reduced >60% since pre treatment baseline levels
- Reductions have been maintained through at least month 60

RESULTS

Six-Minute Walk Test Over Time

- A wide range in walking capacity across groups was observed, ranging from below 25% predicted to approaching 100% predicted
- All participants showed a deficit on the 6MWT

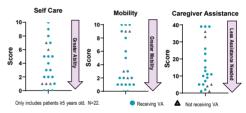
Six-Minute Walk Test



Only includes ambulatory patients ≥5 years old. N=23

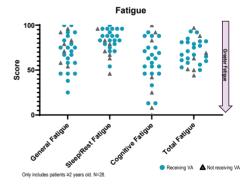
MPS HAQ at DMP Baseline

Wide variability was seen, with some patients requiring little to no assistance and some patient requiring complete assistance



PedsQL Multidimensional Fatigue at DMP Baseline

· Wide variability was seen with some caregivers reporting the patient had profound fatigue and others reporting the patient had no fatigue



CONCLUSIONS

- . These preliminary results confirm the heterogeneity of patients with MPS VII
- · This heterogeneity creates issues with grouping all patients together when reviewing results
- Additional data over the next few years will help determine trends among participants treated

DISCLOSURES AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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- All other authors are PIs in the MPS VII DMP.
- Roberto Giugliani served on an advisory board for Amicus, BioMarin, Inventiva, JCR RegenCBio, Sanofi, Sigilon, Sobi, Takeda, and Ultragenyx Pharmaceutical Inc.; received travel support from Amicus, BioMarin, JCR, Sanofi, Takeda, and Ultragenyx Pharmaceutical Inc.; served as an investigator for Allevex, JCR, Lysogene, RegenxBio, Sanofi, Takeda, Ultragenyx Pharmaceutical Inc.; received honoraria from Amicus, BioMarin, Denali, JCR, Novartis, PTC, RegenxBio, Sanofi, Takeda, and Ultragenyx Pharmaceutical Inc.
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